

ICD-10 Coding 101: Coding Structure

ICD-10-CM Code Structure

On October 1, 2015, the current ICD-9 codes used to report medical diagnoses and inpatient procedures will be replaced with the new ICD-10 code sets. The new code sets allow for more detailed exam documentation and thorough patient care through improved evaluation, tracking and insight into diagnoses.

ICD-9-CM Diagnosis Codes

- No Laterality
- 3-5 Digits
- No Placeholder Characters
- 14,000 Codes
- Limited Severity Parameters & Combination Codes

ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes

- Laterality – Right or Left account for >40% of codes
- 7 Digits
- “X” Placeholders
- 69,000 Codes
- Extensive Severity Parameters & Combination Codes

Alpha (Not U) Numeric

Characters 3-7 Can Be Any Combination of Alpha or Numeric



Codes with three characters are included in ICD-10-CM as the heading of a category of codes that may be further subdivided by the use of any or all of the 4th, 5th and 6th characters. Digits 4-6 offer greater detail of etiology, anatomical site and severity.

Placeholders

A dummy placeholder of “X” is used with certain codes to allow for future expansion and/or to fill out empty characters when a code contains fewer than 6 characters and a 7th applies. When a placeholder character applies, it **must** be used in order for the code to be considered valid (“ICD-10 Basics”, 2014).

Example: **H40.11X2 Primary open-angle glaucoma, moderate stage**